

## IN ARIZONA

The students of the university at Tucson are arranging to put on "The Prince and the Pauper" tomorrow night.

The report that Tucson agents of the Southern Pacific had refused to accept checks in payment for freight has been officially denied. Cash, however, is required for the purchase of railway tickets.

A railroad man at Tucson won a fine of \$32.50 for driving horses on a public street.

Governor Kibbey states that if the report is true that Tucson is using the city's money to defray the expenses of a special session of the territorial board of education will be considered the matter. The board was made by Superintendent of Schools.

The political situation at Tucson is becoming serious and a special meeting of the city council is being called for the purpose of prominent Los Angeles members and the attorney for the national society has been held at Tucson. The board of education and republican party have declared against the saloon and compromise is being sought.

The blacksmiths' union of the territory is making a strong effort to secure the pardon of Fred Egan, a Yuma blacksmith who has been sentenced to serve months in jail on a conviction of giving liquor to an Indian. Egan claims that he is a victim of crooked judges on the part of United States deputy marshals.

R. R. Herbert, the Tucson ticket agent who absconded about two months ago leaving a shortage in his accounts of several hundred dollars, has returned to the city and expresses a willingness to make good his shortage. It is not known whether Herbert will be arrested.

Receiving checks for \$12.50 more than he had coming, two employees of the Adams, Phoenix, left that city on their jobs.

Lord Moulds has been arrested at

Phoenix on a grand larceny charge. An envelope containing \$80 was lost. The empty envelope was found in Moulds' pockets. He says the money was gone when he picked up the receipt in the road near Evergreen.

Dr. Henry of Los Angeles is conducting an exciting revival at Phoenix. More than one hundred conversions have been made.

The completion of the new grand stand in the ball park at Phoenix will be celebrated today by a game between Phoenix and Bisbee.

Dr. F. K. Ainsworth, chief surgeon of the Southern Pacific railway, is making a tour of the territory in a \$60,000 hospital car.

Esther Power, former Phoenix girl, has been awarded damages to the extent of \$100 against Thomas Alton in Chicago, together with a court order that Alton pay her \$50 annually for the next nine years.

Jerome banks are paying out cash and the financial stringency is not badly felt in that camp.

Gyro Springs, Yavapai county, water contains great medicinal properties and is being placed on the market at a fancy price. It is said to be infallible as a cure for stomach troubles.

Captain W. L. Adams of Phoenix, recently confined in the territorial asylum for the insane, will be taken to California for treatment.

W. G. Statham, who recently confessed to Prescott officers that he was guilty of a murder committed in Idaho, has been taken to Twin Falls county, that state, for trial. Statham has been a fugitive from justice for two years. He claims that the murder was committed in self defense.

Flagstaff has an alarming run of diphtheria.

By the explosion of a generator, E. F. Hunt, a Yuma switchman, was frightfully burned.

The statute of limitations prevents a disturbance of the existing boundary line between Yuma and Maricopa counties.

ties, and the controversy has been delayed off.

As the result of a bazaar the Catholic ladies of Yuma cleared over \$400.

On account of the financial stringency the theater company at Morenci has closed its doors.

Mrs. D. J. Kelly, a prominent Morenci woman, is reported dead in Denver.

Frank Oldoni, an Italian employed in the mill of the Arizona Copper company, was instantly killed. His clothing caught in a rapidly moving belt and his body was torn into shreds before the machinery could be stopped.

By the dropping of a cage, the brakes failing to work, one man was killed and three were seriously injured in the Tongue shaft at the Incline mine, Clifton.

A rich vein of silver ore has been discovered near Kingman.

George White, arrested on a plain drunk charge at Yuma, turns out to be a burglar badly wanted in Los Angeles.

Abraham Lopez has been convicted of murder in the second degree in Pima county and sentenced to serve a life term.

Thanksgiving turkeys sold at Tucson for 28 cents per pound, the highest price in the territory. Down in the Gila valley turkeys are a drug on the market at 12 cents per pound.

Tucson police have been ordered to secure the regulation blue uniforms.

## Notice

I am the man who will, without extra charge, go anywhere in the city to take an acknowledgment, day or night, rain or shine; also draw up deeds, releases, mortgages and wills at small cost; buggy always ready in front of Brown's store. Phone 441. L. H. Brown, the notary public.

Books! See the large line of books at Van Wagenen's. P. O. building.

"Mysterious Armour," a beautiful hand colored picture, at the Alexander tonight.

## END OF THE UNIVERSE.

How It Will Come According to the Norseland Myth.

One of the most striking of the Norseland myths is that in which is pictured the end of the universe, when all the gods of Asgard and Midgard, and the inhabitants of Jotunheim and the world of the dead, together with their habitations, would be destroyed. That this catastrophe would come to all the visible creation they firmly believed, for their untamed minds could not conceive of immortality.

And this is how they pictured the fearful time: Three winters would come upon the earth, one after another, without the tempering influence of a single summer. Snow would fall from every quarter of the heavens, wild storms would sweep over the earth, with tempestuous winds that nothing could withstand, and the sun would lose its heat.

Three other winters would succeed the first three, during which the ravaged world would stalk over the universe, leaving blood and death in its ruthless track. Then the earth would begin to tremble in uncontrollable fear, the sea would rush from its bed, the heavens would be rent, and the eagles of the air would feast upon the still quivering flesh of multitudes of men slain without warning.

Then, the wolf monster, would throw off his bonds; the Midgard serpent, whose gigantic form encircled the world, would rise from its lair, and Loki, the evil genius of the universe, would desert the gods and go back among their enemies. Surtur would lead his followers to the Bifrost bridge, devouring flames before and behind them, and, having destroyed it in their passage, they would join Loki and the frost giants on the battlefield of Vigrid, where Fenris, the Midgard serpent, and the hosts of Hela had already assembled.

Meanwhile Heimdal, the watchman of Asgard, the abode of the gods, would sound the alarm with the Gjallar horn, summoning the celestial cohorts to the field. Odin, clad in all the splendor of his supreme office, would lead forth the gods in martial array. Fenris, pressing forward, would throw himself upon Odin with a fierceness that the deity could not withstand, and the All Father would fall, pierced with a thousand wounds from the monster's fangs.

Then Vidar, the son of Odin, would fall like a thunderbolt upon the blood-reeking wolf and avenge his celestial father's death. Thor, the all powerful, would slay, with his great hammer, the Midgard serpent, but even as the monster gave up its life its venomous breath would wreak vengeance upon the slayer, and Thor would sink down, suffocated to death.

Meanwhile Loki and Heimdal have been seeking each other, and, having met, they would fight with the fury of demons until both were slain. Thus all over the bloody field gods and giants, good spirits and evil, would meet and slay each other, and when the dreadful carnage was ended Surtur would send his fiery flames abroad, and the universe would be burned. The sun would lose its light, the earth would disappear, the stars would fall from heaven, and time would be no more!

## The Passing of Courtroom Oratory.

Inspiration is a lost art in the courtroom. Nowadays no true lawyer advises, prepares documents or tries a case without a careful preparation. Forensic oratory has passed away. No longer does the crowd gather in the county courthouse to listen to and be moved by the wit, pathos and eloquence of the advocate as for hours or days he addresses the jury. The courtroom may be filled, but it is largely with the ubiquitous reporters, many of whom are as destitute of tears as Sahara of water and as callous to emotion as the mummified sleepers of Egypt. No longer is it true that weeping men and women with handkerchiefs to their eyes are moved by the eloquence of counsel. Time is a pressing factor. Facts rather than eloquence is the demand.—D. C. Brewer in Atlantic.

## Historical.

She once remarked to me, "I cannot portray vice, but I can understand and realize crime." All the more powerful passions were within her range—hated, jealousy, remorse, revenge—but her loveliness, except in farce, was as a rule a failure. Her mind, like her life, was so singularly crystalline that she could not understand mere vice. "I would rather be a great murderer," said she, "than a morbid, sickly fantastica, such as are, for the most part, the heroines of your modern drama."—Saturday Review.

## The First Lady.

Adam looked at his helpmeet thoughtfully. "Well," he said in his emphatic way, "there's certainly one honor that is indisputably yours, my dear." "And what is that, Ad?" queried our first mother. Adam suddenly smiled. "Nobody can dispute the claim that you are the first lady in the land," he said.—Philadelphia Telegraph.

We are selling an excellent grade of coal at \$12 per ton. Delivered to any part of the city. Globe Hardware Co.

## LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS

## TOWNSHIP NOTICE OF INTENTION TO MAKE FINAL PROOF.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Phoenix, Arizona. Globe, Arizona, September 28, 1907. I, P. C. Robertson, Probate Judge, in and for the County of Gila and Territory of Arizona, who, under and by virtue of the laws of the United States in such case made and provided, on the 19th day of November, 1906, made application to enter the S. W. 1/4 of the N. E. 1/4 and Lots 4, 5 and 6 of Sec. 25, T. 1 N., of R. 15 E. G. & S. P. M., situated lying and being in the County of Gila and Territory of Arizona, as a townsite, under the name of the "East Globe Townsite" do hereby apply for notice of, and give notice of my intention to submit township proof in support of such application, and to make final proof to establish my claim to the land above described as trustee for townsite purposes, for the use and benefit

## LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS

of the actual owners and occupants thereof, before Geo. H. Smalley, Clerk of the District Court, of the Fifth District of the Territory of Arizona, in and for the County of Gila, at Globe, Arizona, on the 23rd day of December, 1907, by proper proof thereof.

And ask that William H. Butler, of Globe, Gila County Arizona, be specially cited to appear on said date, and before said officer and offer such testimony as he desires in opposition to said townsite claim.

Proofs will be made by two of the following named witnesses: Louis Roberts of Globe, Arizona; George Powell, of Globe, Arizona; Samuel C. Alexander, of Globe, Arizona; Theodore Crandall, of Globe, Arizona.

PETER C. ROBERTSON, Probate Judge, in and for the County of Gila, Arizona.

Notice of the above application will be published in the "Arizona Silver Belt," printed at Globe, Gila County, Arizona, which I hereby designate as the newspaper published nearest the land described in said application.

LYMAN W. WAKEFIELD, Register.

First publication November 20, 1907.

MINERAL APPLICATION No. 295. United States Land Office, Phoenix, Arizona, October 5, 1907. Notice is hereby given that Charles E. Taylor, whose post office address is Globe, Gila County, Arizona, has made application for a patent for the Defiance, Mexico, Humboldt, Wedge, Bull Pup, Colorado, Utah and California lode mining claims, Mineral Survey No. 2382, located in the Globe Mining District, Gila County, Arizona, about seven and one-half miles in a northwesterly direction from Globe, and approximately in Section 25, Township 1 North, Range 14 East, unsurveyed, Gila and Salt River Base and Meridian.

## Defiance Lode

Beginning at Cor. No. 1, the N. E. cor., U. S. L. M. No. 2382, bears north 65 deg. 18 min. E., 392.43 ft. to Cor. No. 2, the S. E. cor.; Thence S. 4 deg. 38 min. E., 555.4 ft. to Cor. No. 1, the S. E. cor.; Thence N. 61 deg. 12 min. W., 1192.22 ft. to Cor. No. 3, the S. W. cor.; Thence N. 4 deg. 38 min. W., 600 ft. to Cor. No. 4, the N. W. cor.; Thence S. 59 deg. 14 min. E., 1206.3 ft. to Cor. No. 1, the place of beginning.

## Mexico Lode

Beginning at cor. No. 1, the N. E. cor., U. S. L. M. No. 2382, whence original location bears N. 26 deg. E. 5.0 min. whence sec. cor. 19-30, T. 1 N., R. 15 E., G. & S. R. B. & M. bears N. 75 deg. 56 min. E., 379.64 ft. Granite Promontory bears S. 60 deg. 30 min. W., 1045.8 ft. to Cor. No. 2, the S. E. cor.; Thence S. 26 min. W., 570 ft. to Cor. No. 2, the S. E. cor.; Thence N. 86 deg. 06 min. W., 1371.40 ft. to Cor. No. 3, the S. W. cor.; Thence N. 26 min. E., 570 ft. to Cor. No. 4, the N. W. cor.; Thence S. 86 deg. 06 min. E., 1371.40 ft. to Cor. No. 1, the place of beginning.

## Colorado Lode

Beginning at cor. No. 1, the N. E. cor., U. S. L. M. No. 2382, whence original location bears N. 33 deg. 01 min. W., 441.4 ft. on line 1-2 Louis lode, Survey 2089; whence original location bears N. 25 min. E., 985.00 ft. to Cor. No. 2, the S. E. cor.; Thence S. 8 deg. 15 min. E., 684.90 ft. to Cor. No. 3, the S. W. cor.; Thence S. 84 deg. 30 min. W., 523.50 ft. to Cor. No. 2, the S. W. cor.; Thence S. 26 min. W., 514.18 ft. to Cor. No. 3, the S. W. cor.; Thence N. 84 deg. 30 min. E., 523.50 ft. to Cor. No. 4, the S. E. cor.; Thence N. 26 min. E., 514.18 ft. to Cor. No. 1, the place of beginning.

## Bull Pup Lode

Beginning at cor. No. 1, the N. E. cor., U. S. L. M. No. 2382, whence original location bears N. 31 deg. 35 min. E., 564.70 ft. to Cor. No. 2, the S. E. cor.; Thence N. 15 deg. 15 min. E., 684.90 ft. to Cor. No. 3, the S. W. cor.; Thence N. 78 deg. 41 min. E., 5693.26 ft. to Cor. No. 4, the N. W. cor.; Thence S. 38 deg. 25 min. W., 532.2 ft. to Cor. No. 2, the S. E. cor.; Thence N. 26 min. E., 514.18 ft. to Cor. No. 3, the S. W. cor.; Thence N. 49 deg. 47 min. W., 316.52 ft. to Cor. No. 4, the N. W. cor.; Thence N. 38 deg. 25 min. E., 303.10 ft. to Cor. No. 2, the S. E. cor.; Thence S. 61 deg. 35 min. E., 783.8 ft. to Cor. No. 1, the place of beginning.

## California Lode

Beginning at cor. No. 1, the N. E. cor., U. S. L. M. No. 2382, whence original location bears N. 15 deg. 15 min. E., 684.90 ft. to Cor. No. 2, the S. E. cor.; Thence S. 88 deg. 41 min. W., 684.90 ft. to Cor. No. 3, the S. W. cor.; Thence S. 33 deg. 03 min. E., 1248.60 ft. to Cor. No. 4, the N. W. cor.; Thence N. 88 deg. 41 min. E., 684.90 ft. to Cor. No. 1, the place of beginning.

## Wedge Lode

Beginning at cor. No. 1, the N. E. cor., U. S. L. M. No. 2382, whence original location bears N. 15 deg. 15 min. E., 684.90 ft. to Cor. No. 2, the S. E. cor.; Thence S. 88 deg. 41 min. W., 684.90 ft. to Cor. No. 3, the S. W. cor.; Thence S. 33 deg. 03 min. E., 1248.60 ft. to Cor. No. 4, the N. W. cor.; Thence N. 88 deg. 41 min. E., 684.90 ft. to Cor. No. 1, the place of beginning.

## Humboldt Lode

Beginning at cor. No. 1, the N. E. cor., U. S. L. M. No. 2382, whence original location bears N. 15 deg. 15 min. E., 684.90 ft. to Cor. No. 2, the S. E. cor.; Thence S. 88 deg. 41 min. W., 684.90 ft. to Cor. No. 3, the S. W. cor.; Thence S. 33 deg. 03 min. E., 1248.60 ft. to Cor. No. 4, the N. W. cor.; Thence N. 88 deg. 41 min. E., 684.90 ft. to Cor. No. 1, the place of beginning.

## Utah Lode

Beginning at cor. No. 1, the N. E. cor., U. S. L. M. No. 2382, whence original location bears N. 15 deg. 15 min. E., 684.90 ft. to Cor. No. 2, the S. E. cor.; Thence S. 88 deg. 41 min. W., 684.90 ft. to Cor. No. 3, the S. W. cor.; Thence S. 33 deg. 03 min. E., 1248.60 ft. to Cor. No. 4, the N. W. cor.; Thence N. 88 deg. 41 min. E., 684.90 ft. to Cor. No. 1, the place of beginning.

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ordered in the mining records of the county recorder of Gila county, Arizona, as follows: Defiance, Book 6 of Mines, page 53; Mexico, Book 6 of Mines, page 116; Colorado, Book 12 of Mines, page 146; Bull Pup, Book 9 of Mines, page 130; California, Book 12 of Mines, page 147; Wedge, Book 7 of Mines, page 106; Humboldt, Book 6 of Mines, page 150; Utah, Book 12 of Mines, page 100.

The adjoining claims on the north are the Bull Dog and Louis lodes, survey No. 2089, and the Contentment and Contentment Extension lodes, unsurveyed; Owner, Inspiration Mining Company.

Adjoining claims on the east are Lone Star lode, unsurveyed; owner, Keystone Copper Company.

The adjoining claims on the south are the Dewey, Boulder and Pilot lodes, unsurveyed; owned by the Keystone Copper Company.

The adjoining claims on the west are the Last Chance and Copper Hill lodes, unsurveyed; owned by the Keystone Copper Company.

So far as known there are no other adjoining claims, and the foregoing claims for which patent is asked are bounded by United States Government lands. LYMAN W. WAKEFIELD, Register.

First publication October 8, 1907.

MINERAL APPLICATION No. 321. United States Land Office, Phoenix, Arizona, Oct. 31, 1907. Notice is hereby given that Albert Steinfeld, of Tucson, Arizona, for himself and his co-owner, W. E. Murphy, by M. E. Leveche, attorney in fact, has made application for patent to the Victoria lode mining claim, Survey No. 2416, situated in the Stanley Butte Mining District, Graham County, in approximately T. 4 South, R. 20 E., unsurveyed, G. & S. R. B. & M., described as follows: Beginning at Cor. No. 1, whence 19 mile cor. of Amended Southern Boundary of White Mountain Indian Reservation bears S. 16 deg. 33 min. W., 1010 ft., dist.; Thence N. 0 deg. 10 min. W., 779.6 ft. intersect the boundary line of the White Mountain Indian Reservation, as established by Congress, approved March 2, 1901; 1388.6 ft. to Cor. No. 2; thence N. 89 deg. E., 600 ft. to Cor. No. 3; at which point intersect the boundary line of the White Mountain Indian Reservation, as established by said Act; thence S. 0 deg. 8 min. E. 1388.6 ft. to Cor. No. 4; thence S. 89 deg. W. 599 ft. to Cor. No. 1, place of beginning. Net area 14,915 acres. This claim is located between the 18 1/2 mile and 19 mile corner monuments of the Amended Southern Boundary of the White Mountain Indian Reservation, about 8 miles south of the San Carlos Indian Reservation, near Kelley Gulch, in approximately T. 4 S., R. 20 E., unsurveyed, in Graham County, Territory of Arizona. Adjoining claims are on the West and Will Ryan and Nettie lodes; of Survey No. 2372; on the south by the same lodes; on the east by the Erie and Kelley lodes of Survey No. 2372 and on the north by the White Mountain Indian Reservation. Location notices of the Victoria are recorded in Record of Mines, County Recorder's Office, Graham County, as follows: Book 14, page 87. LYMAN W. WAKEFIELD, Register.

First publication October 31, 1907.

MINERAL APPLICATION No. 294. MINERAL SURVEY No. 2372. United States Land Office, Phoenix, Arizona, October 2, 1907. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Tri-Bullion Smelting & Development Company, a corporation organized under the laws of the Territory of Arizona, by its attorney in fact, C. E. Moorhead, of Solomonville, Arizona, has made application for a patent for the Kelley, Erie, Will-Ryan, Nettie, Corliss, Grand-Central, Star-Light, Nellie, Helen, Oregon, and Olympia Lodes, Mineral Survey No. 2372, in Stanley-Butte Mining District, in Graham County, Territory of Arizona (approximately in Twp. 4 S., Range 20 E., G. & S. R. B. & M.) described as follows: to-wit:

KELLEY LODGE: Beginning at cor. No. 1, whence the 19th Mile Stone, on amended south boundary of the White Mountain Indian Reservation, bears S. 7 deg. 14 min. W. 2168.6 ft.; thence N. 46 deg. W. (Var. 13 deg. 5 min. E.) 1500 ft. to cor. No. 2; thence N. 44 deg. E. (Var. 14 deg. 5 min. E.) 600 ft. to cor. No. 3; thence S. 46 deg. E. (Var. 13 deg. 40 min. E.) 1500 ft. to cor. No. 4; thence S. 44 deg. W. (Var. 13 deg. 30 min. E.) 600 ft. to cor. No. 1, the place of beginning.

ERIE LODGE: Beginning at cor. No. 1, whence the 19th Mile Stone, on amended south boundary of the White Mountain Indian Reservation, bears S. 62 deg. 11 min. W. 1590.5 ft.; thence N. 46 deg. W. (Var. 13 deg. 20 min. E.) 1500 ft. to cor. No. 2; thence N. 44 deg. E. (Var. 13 deg. 55 min. E.) 600 ft. to cor. No. 3; thence S. 46 deg. E. (Var. 13 deg. 40 min. E.) 1500 ft. to cor. No. 4; thence S. 44 deg. W. (Var. 13 deg. 30 min. E.) 600 ft. to cor. No. 1, the place of beginning.

WILL-RYAN LODGE: Beginning at cor. No. 1, whence the 19th Mile Stone, on amended south boundary of the White Mountain Indian Reservation, bears S. 72 deg. 35 min. W. 1037.5 ft.; thence N. 46 deg. W. (Var. 13 deg. 35 min. E.) 1500 ft. to cor. No. 2; thence N. 44 deg. E. (Var. 13 deg. 30 min. E.) 600 ft. to cor. No. 3; thence S. 46 deg. E. (Var. 13 deg. 30 min. E.) 1500 ft. to cor. No. 4; thence S. 44 deg. W. (Var. 13 deg. 20 min. E.) 600 ft. to cor. No. 1, the place of beginning.

NETTIE LODGE: Beginning at cor. No. 1, whence the 19th Mile Stone, on amended south boundary of the White Mountain Indian Reservation, bears S. 57 deg. 14 min. W. 2168.6 ft.; thence N. 44 deg. E. (Var. 13 deg. 5 min. E.) 600 ft. to cor. No. 2; thence S. 46 deg. E. (Var. 13 deg. 30 min. E.) 1500 ft. to cor. No. 3; thence S. 44 deg. W. (Var. 13 deg. 30 min. E.) 1500 ft. to cor. No. 4; thence S. 44 deg. W. (Var. 13 deg. 30 min. E.) 1500 ft. to cor. No. 1, the place of beginning.

CORLISS LODGE: Beginning at cor. No. 1, whence the 19th Mile Stone, on amended south boundary of the White Mountain Indian Reservation, bears S. 57 deg. 14 min. W. 2168.6 ft.; thence N. 44 deg. E. (Var. 13 deg. 5 min. E.) 600 ft. to cor. No. 2; thence S. 46 deg. E. (Var. 13 deg. 30 min. E.) 1500 ft. to cor. No. 3; thence S. 44 deg. W. (Var. 13 deg. 30 min. E.) 1500 ft. to cor. No. 4; thence S. 44 deg. W. (Var. 13 deg. 30 min. E.) 1500 ft. to cor. No. 1, the place of beginning.

LOCATION NOTICES OF THE SAID CLAIMS are recorded in the office of the County Recorder of Graham County, Territory of Arizona, Books of Records of Mines as follows: Kelley Lode, Original, Book 14, page 1; amended, Book 18, page 552; Erie Lode, Original, Book 14, page 5; amended, Book 18, page 553; Will-Ryan Lode, Original, Book 13, page 301; amended, Book 18, page 554; Nettie Lode, Original, Book 14, page 555; Corliss Lode, Original, Book 14, page 557; Grand-Central, Original, Book 14, page 558; Star-Light Lode, Original, Book 14, page 559; Helen Lode, Original, Book 14, page 560; Nellie Lode, Original, Book 14, page 561; Oregon Lode, Original, Book 14, page 562; Olympia Lode, Original, Book 14, page 563; and Olympia Lode, Original, Book 14, page 564.

The only adjoining claims are the claims of W. J. Parks, names unknown, lying south of the Nellie and Olympia Lodes.

The area in conflict with the Victoria Lode is not claimed and is excluded from the Kelley, Erie, Will-Ryan and Nettie Lodes; and the area in conflict with the claims of W. J. Parks, names unknown, is not claimed and is excluded from the Nellie and Olympia Lodes. LYMAN W. WAKEFIELD, Register.

First publication, October 15, 1907.

MINERAL APPLICATION No. 292. United States Land Office, Phoenix, Arizona, September 17, 1907. Notice is hereby given that W. H. Butler, of Globe, Arizona, has made application for patent to the Upper Notch lode mining claim, Survey No. 2422, situated in the Globe Mining District, Gila County, Arizona, in Sec. 18, unsurveyed, T. 1 N., R. 16 E., G. & S. R. B. & M., described as follows: Beginning at Cor. No. 1, whence the E. 1/4 Cor. of Sec. 24, T. 1 N., R. 15 E., G. & S. R. B. & M., bears S. 54 deg. 59 min. W. 1674.6 ft.; thence N. 27 deg. 36 min. W. 605.6 feet to Cor. No. 2; thence N. 54 deg. 33 min. E. 1085.8 feet to Cor. No. 3; thence N. 43 deg. 37 min. E. 10.8 feet to Cor. No. 4; thence S. 27 deg. 36 min. E. 605.6 feet to Cor. No. 5; thence S. 54 deg. 25 min. W. 1096.5 feet to Cor. No. 1, the place of beginning. Conflict with Arizona claim, survey No. 2313, containing 6.889 acres; conflict with Kingston claim, unsurveyed, containing .115 acre, and conflict with Stonewall claim, survey No. 1123, containing .003 acre, are excluded. Location notices are recorded in Records of Mines, County Recorder's office, said Gila County, as follows: Original, Book 9, page 189; amended, Book 8, page 347; amended, Book 12, page 186; amended, Book 15, page 65. Adjoining and conflicting claims are Hogeve and Buckeye on the northwest; Badger and Kingston on the northeast; Kingston, Carlos, Stonewall and Arizona on the southeast and Arizona on the southwest. LYMAN W. WAKEFIELD, Register.

First publication September 19, 1907.

MINERAL APPLICATION No. 292. United States Land Office, Phoenix, Arizona, September 17, 1907. Notice is hereby given that W. H. Butler, of Globe, Arizona, has made application for patent to the Upper Notch lode mining claim, Survey No. 2422, situated in the Globe Mining District, Gila County, Arizona, in Sec. 18, unsurveyed, T. 1 N., R. 16 E., G. & S. R. B. & M., described as follows: Beginning at Cor. No. 1, whence the E. 1/4 Cor. of Sec. 24, T. 1 N., R. 15 E., G. & S. R. B. & M., bears S. 54 deg. 59 min. W. 1674.6 ft.; thence N. 27 deg. 36 min. W. 605.6 feet to Cor. No. 2; thence N. 54 deg. 33 min. E. 1085.8 feet to Cor. No. 3; thence N. 43 deg. 37 min. E. 10.8 feet to Cor. No. 4; thence S. 27 deg. 36 min. E. 605.6 feet to Cor. No. 5; thence S. 54 deg. 25 min. W. 1096.5 feet to Cor. No. 1, the place of beginning. Conflict with Arizona claim, survey No. 2313, containing 6.889 acres; conflict with Kingston claim, unsurveyed, containing .115 acre, and conflict with Stonewall claim, survey No. 1123, containing .003 acre, are excluded. Location notices are recorded in Records of Mines, County Recorder's office, said Gila County, as follows: Original, Book 9, page 189; amended, Book 8, page 347; amended, Book 12, page 186; amended, Book 15, page 65. Adjoining and conflicting claims are Hogeve and Buckeye on the northwest; Badger and Kingston on the northeast; Kingston, Carlos, Stonewall and Arizona on the southeast and Arizona on the southwest. LYMAN W. WAKEFIELD, Register.

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